



**Haliburton, Kawartha, Pine Ridge District Health Unit
RRFSS (2007) Booster Seat**

Proportion of households with a child aged 4-7 where the child usually travels in a booster seat (or car seat) and always in the back of the vehicle, RRFSS January - December 2007

Table 1: Booster Seat Use (children 4-7)

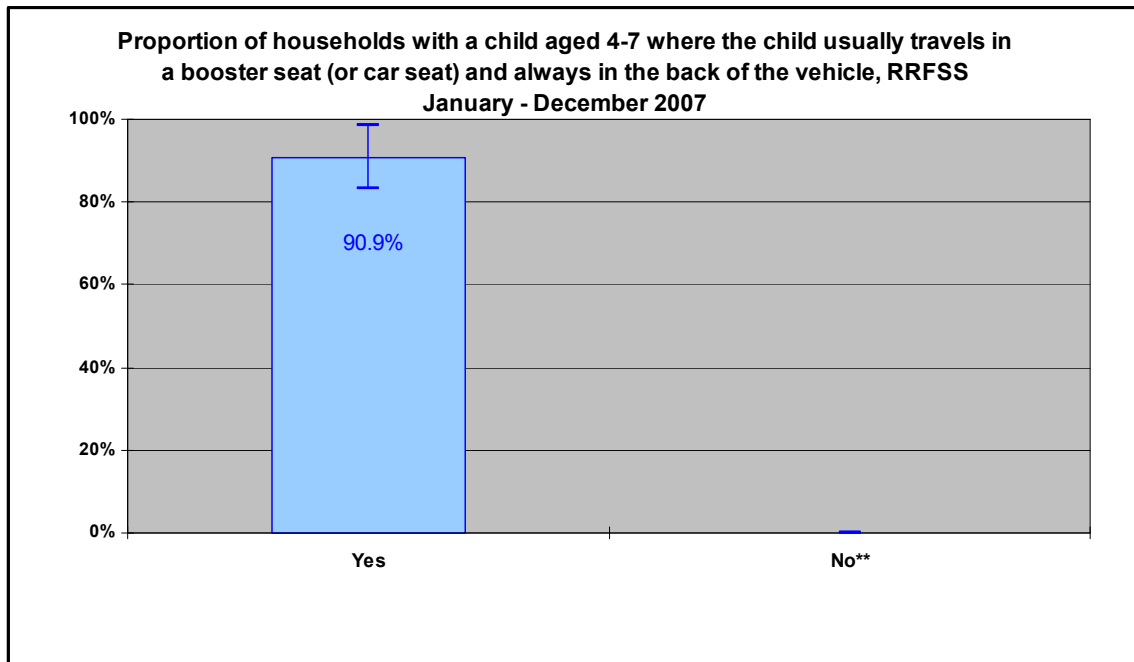
Booster seat use	Proportion	95% upper confidence limit	95% lower confidence limit
Yes	90.9%	98.6%	83.2%
No**	**	**	**

* Interpret with caution, high variability

** Data not released

sample size 55

Figure 1: Booster Seat Use (children 4-7)



Interpretation:

90.9% (+/-8%) of households with a child aged 4-7 report that their child usually travels in a booster seat (or car seat) and always in the back of the vehicle.

Proportion of households with a child aged 8-11 where the child usually uses a seat belt with lap and shoulder belt combination and always travels in the back of the vehicle, RRFSS January - December 2007

Table 2: Seat Belt Use (children 8-11)

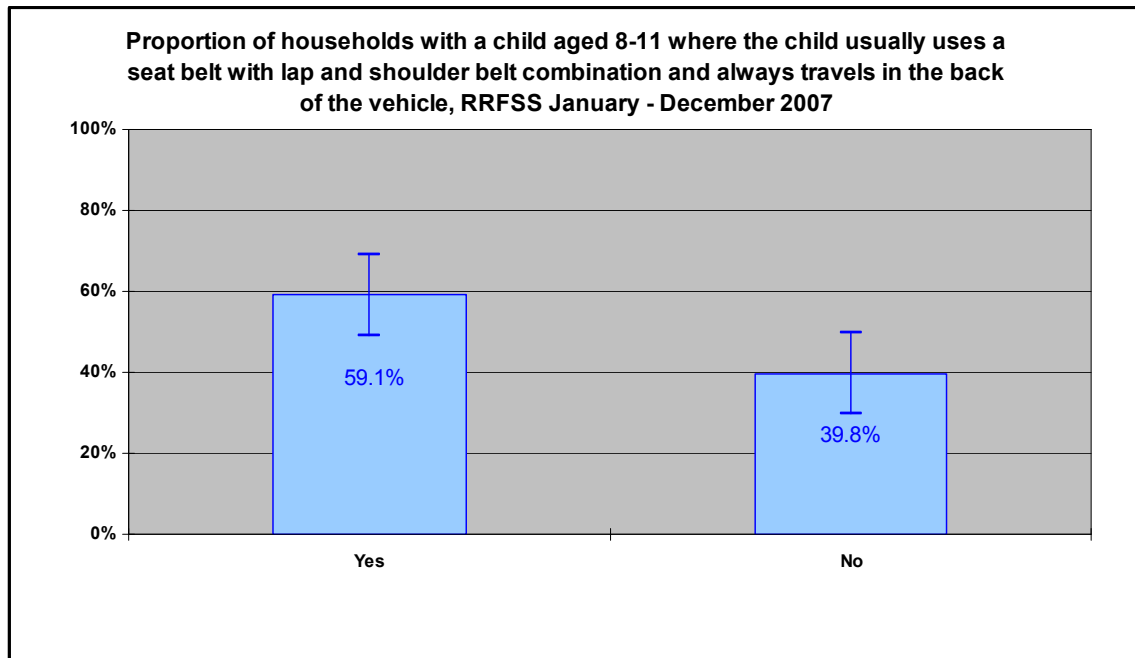
Booster seat use	Proportion	95% upper confidence limit	95% lower confidence limit
Yes	59.1%	69.2%	49.1%
No	39.8%	49.8%	29.8%

* Interpret with caution, high variability

** Data not released

sample size 93

Figure 2: Seat Belt Use (children 8-11)



Interpretation:

58.7% (+/-10%) of households with a child aged 8-11 report that their child usually uses a seat belt with lap and shoulder belt combination and always travels in the back of the vehicle.

40.2% (+/-10%) of households with a child aged 8-11 report that their child does not usually use a seat belt with lap and shoulder belt combination and always travels in the back of the vehicle.

Limitations:

1. Questions only asked of adult residents aged 18+
2. Telephone survey only conducted in English
3. Results are based on self-reported behaviours.
4. (*) indicates that results are based on small sample size, thus estimates have high variability.

Notes:

- 1) The numbers in the tables and graphs are unweighted as this indicator was analysed at the household (rather than the individual) level.
 - 2) Missing responses are not included in the analysis.
 - 3) Don't know and refused responses are analyzed according to RRFSS analysis guideline.
 - 4) Release criteria of the data are according to RRFSS analysis guideline.
- * Interpret with caution, high variability.
** Data not released.