



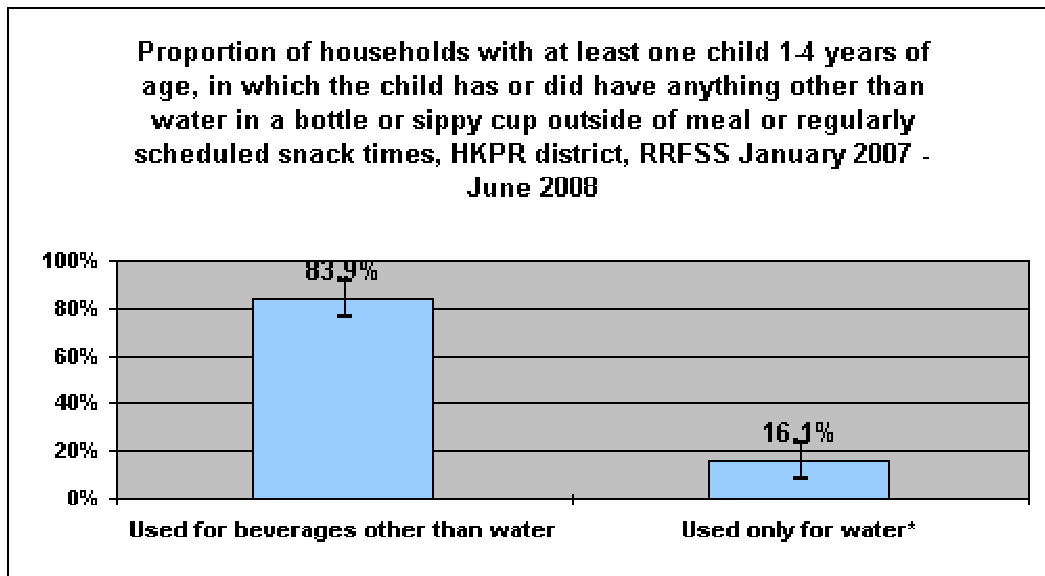
**Proportion of households with at least one child 1-4 years of age who use a bottle or sippy cup, in which the child has or did have anything other than water in the bottle or sippy cup outside of meal or regularly scheduled snack times, HKPR district, RRFSS January 2007 – June 2008**

**Table 1: Early Childhood Tooth Decay (overall)**

Bottle or sippy cup use outside of meal/snack times	Proportion	95% upper confidence limit	95% lower confidence limit
Used for beverages other than water	83.9%	91.4%	76.4%
Used only for water*	16.1%	23.6%	8.6%

sample size 93

**Figure 1: Early Childhood Tooth Decay (overall)**



**Interpretation:**

83.9% (+/-8%) of households reported that their child does or did use their bottle or sippy cup outside of meal or regularly scheduled snack times for something other than water.

16.1%\* (+/-8%) of households reported that their child does not/did not use their bottle or sippy cup outside of meal or regularly scheduled snack times for anything other than water.

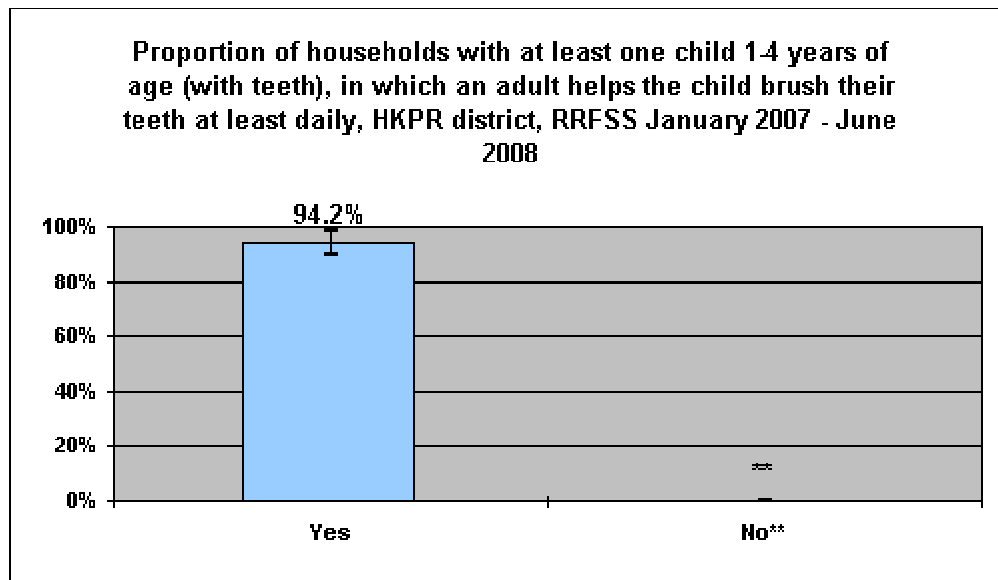
**Proportion of households with at least one child 1-4 years of age (with teeth) in which an adult helps the child brush their teeth at least daily, HKPR district, RRFSS January 2007 – June 2008**

**Table 2: Early Childhood Tooth Decay (daily tooth brushing)**

Daily brushing of child's teeth	Proportion	95% upper confidence limit	95% lower confidence limit
<b>Yes</b>	94.2%	98.7%	89.7%
<b>No**</b>	**	**	**

sample size 104

**Figure 2: Early Childhood Tooth Decay (daily tooth brushing)**



**Interpretation:**

94.2% (+/-5%) of households with at least one child 1-4 years of age (with teeth) report having an adult who helps the child brush their teeth at least daily.

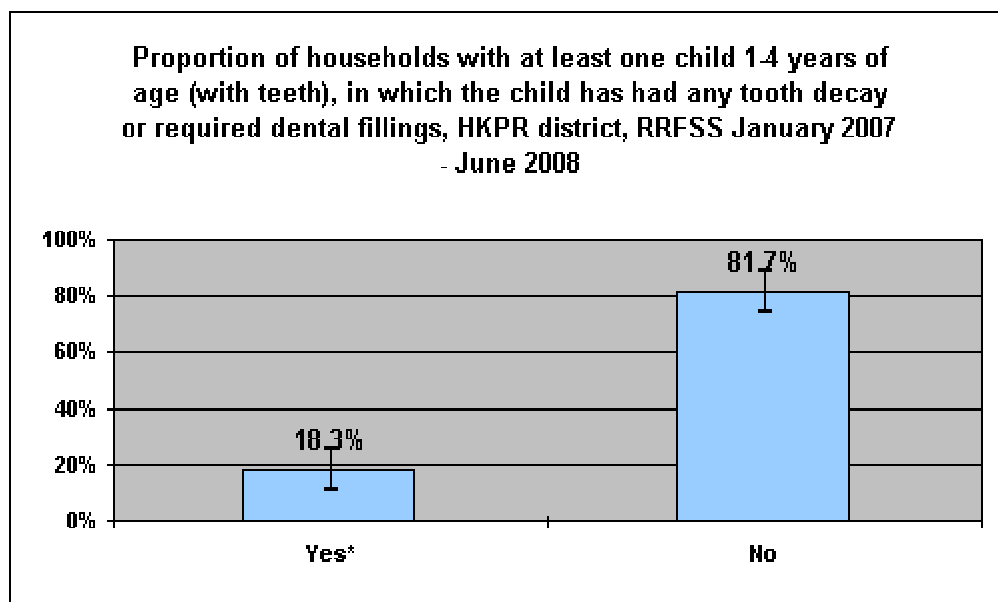
**Proportion of households with at least one child 1-4 years of age (with teeth) in which the child has had any tooth decay or required dental fillings, HKPR district, RRFSS January 2007 – June 2008**

**Table 3: Early Childhood Tooth Decay (tooth decay or dental fillings)**

Child with tooth decay or required dental fillings	Proportion	95% upper confidence limit	95% lower confidence limit
Yes*	18.3%	25.7%	10.8%
No	81.7%	89.2%	74.3%

sample size 104

**Figure 3: Early Childhood Tooth Decay (tooth decay or dental fillings)**



**Interpretation:**

18.3%\* (+/-7%) of households with at least one child 1-4 years of age (with teeth) report having a child that has had tooth decay or required dental fillings.

81.7% (+/-7) of households with at least one child 1-4 years of age (with teeth) report they have not had a child that has had tooth decay or dental fillings.

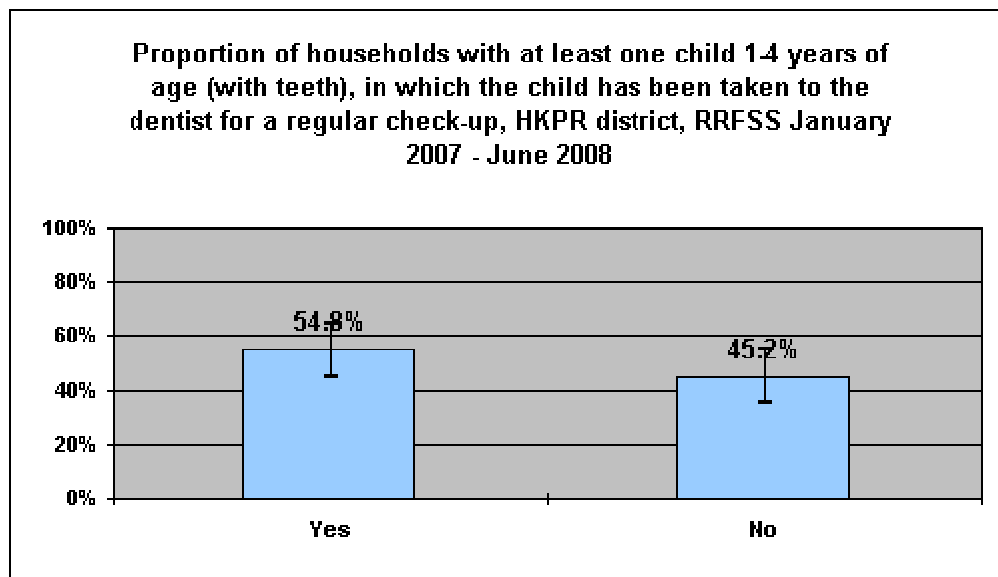
**Proportion of households with at least one child 1-4 years of age (with teeth) in which the child has been taken to the dentist for a regular check-up, HKPR district, RRFSS January 2007 – June 2008**

**Table 4: Early Childhood Tooth Decay (visit to dentist)**

Child has been to the dentist for a regular check-up	Proportion	95% upper confidence limit	95% lower confidence limit
Yes	54.8%	64.4%	45.2%
No	45.2%	54.8%	35.6%

sample size 104

**Figure 4: Early Childhood Tooth Decay (visit to dentist)**



**Interpretation:**

54.8% (+/-10%) of households with at least one child 1-4 years of age (with teeth) report having taken their child to the dentist for a regular check-up.

45.2% (+/-10) of households with at least one child 1-4 years of age (with teeth) report having taken their child to the dentist for a regular check-up.

**Limitations:**

1. Questions are only asked of adult residents aged 18+.
2. Telephone survey only conducted in English.
3. Results are based on self-reported behaviours.
4. (\*) indicates that results are based on small sample size, thus estimates have high variability.

**Notes:**

- 1) The numbers in the tables and graphs are weighted.
  - 2) Missing responses are not included in the analysis.
  - 3) 'Don't Know' and 'Refused' responses are analyzed according to RRFSS Analysis Guidelines.
  - 4) Release criteria of the data are according to RRFSS Analysis Guidelines.
- \* Interpret with caution, high variability.  
\*\* Data not released.
- 5) If there is more than one child aged 1-4 in a household, the respondent is asked to select an "index child" by considering the child "with the next birthday."